

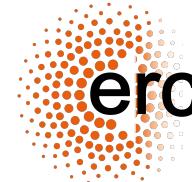
# QUANTUM SIMULATION OF LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES WITH RYDBERG ATOMS

Federica Surace

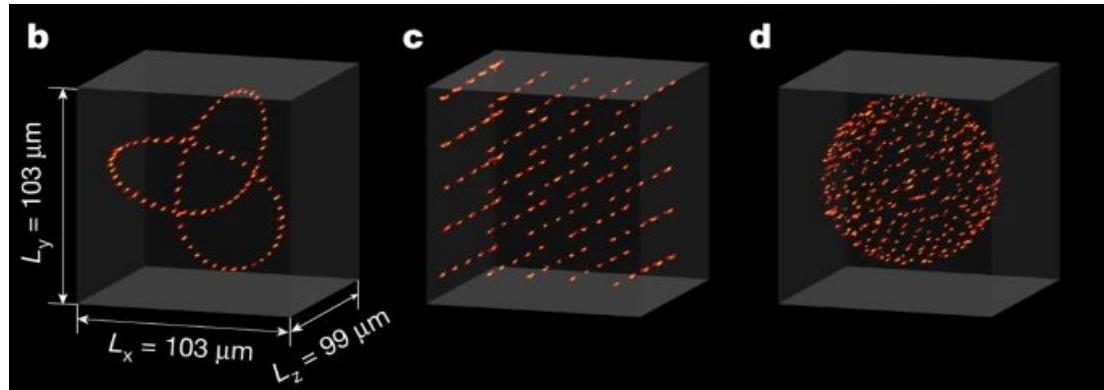
Quantum Science Seminar - Young  
Researcher Session - November 5th, 2020



**SISSA**



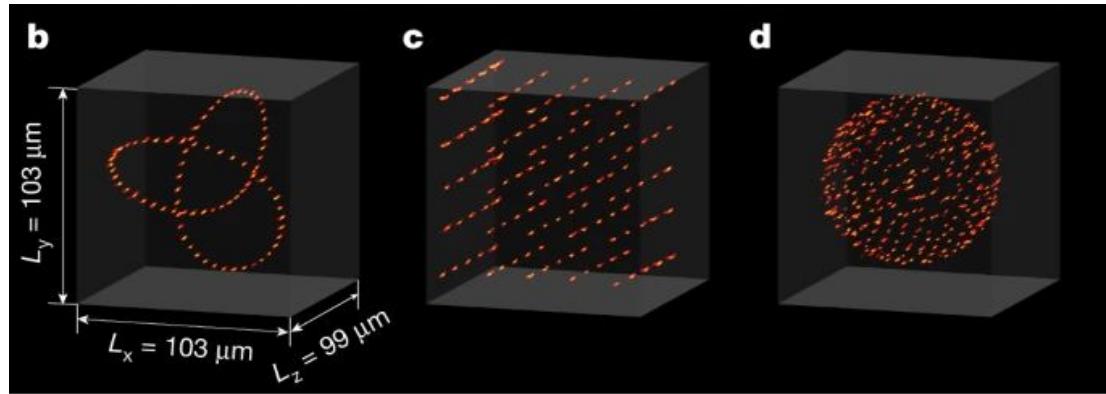
# WHY GAUGE THEORIES AND QUANTUM SIMULATIONS?



High degree of  
**control** and  
**tunability** of  
quantum systems

Daniel Barredo, Vincent Lienhard, Sylvain de Léséleuc, Thierry Lahaye & Antoine Browaeys, *Nature* **561**, 79-82 (2018)

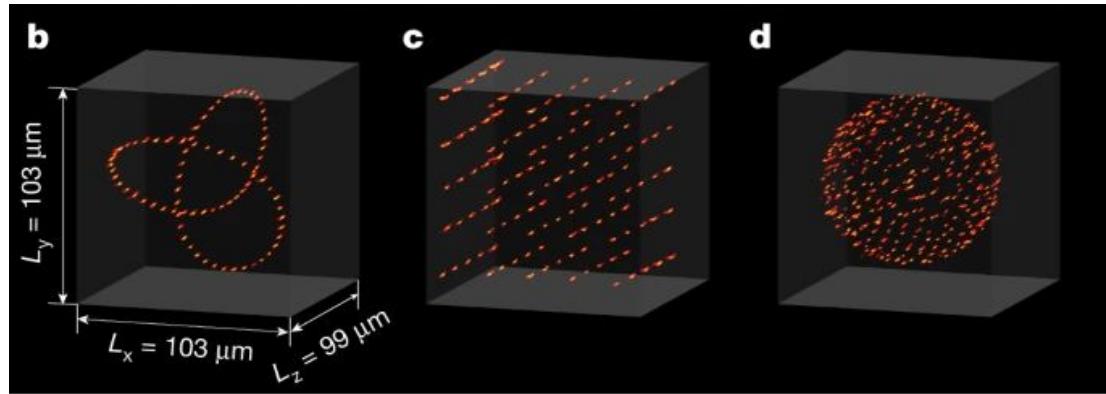
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- Use of **quantum simulators** for **strongly correlated** matter

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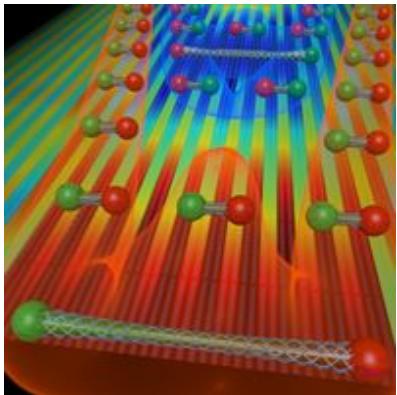


High degree of  
**control** and  
**tunability** of  
quantum systems

- Use of **quantum simulators** for **strongly correlated** matter
- **Time evolution** of many-particle quantum systems

# WHY GAUGE THEORIES AND QUANTUM SIMULATIONS?

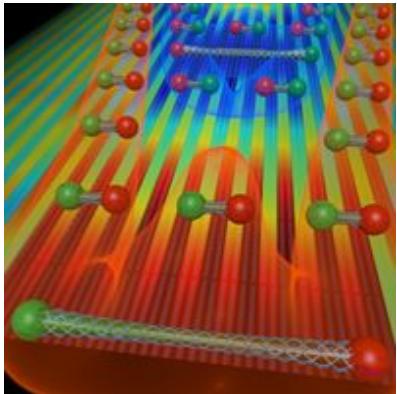
- Access to **real-time** dynamics: perspectives for **high energy** physics



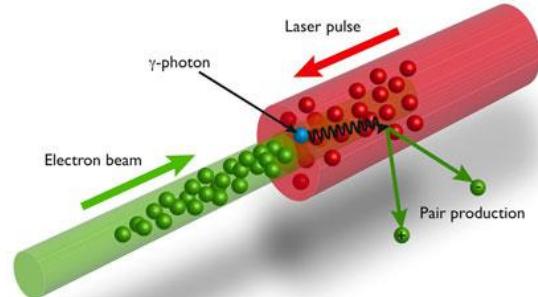
picture from T. Pichler, et al  
Phys. Rev. X 6, 011023

# WHY GAUGE THEORIES AND QUANTUM SIMULATIONS?

- Access to **real-time** dynamics: perspectives for **high energy** physics
- Hope (long-term): overcome limitations of **experiments**, **classical computation**?



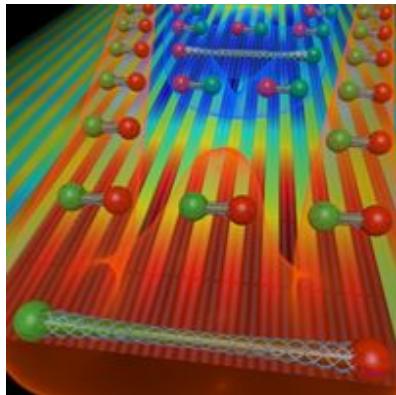
picture from T. Pichler, et al  
Phys. Rev. X 6, 011023



picture from ELI,  
M. Marklund

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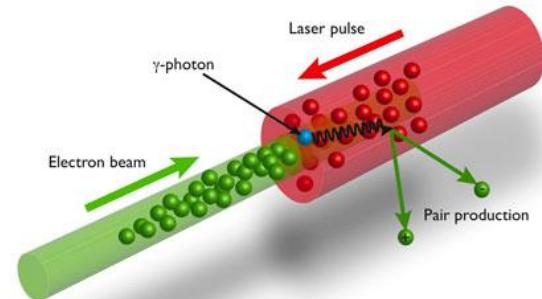
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picture from T. Pichler, et al  
Phys. Rev. X 6, 011023

## → LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

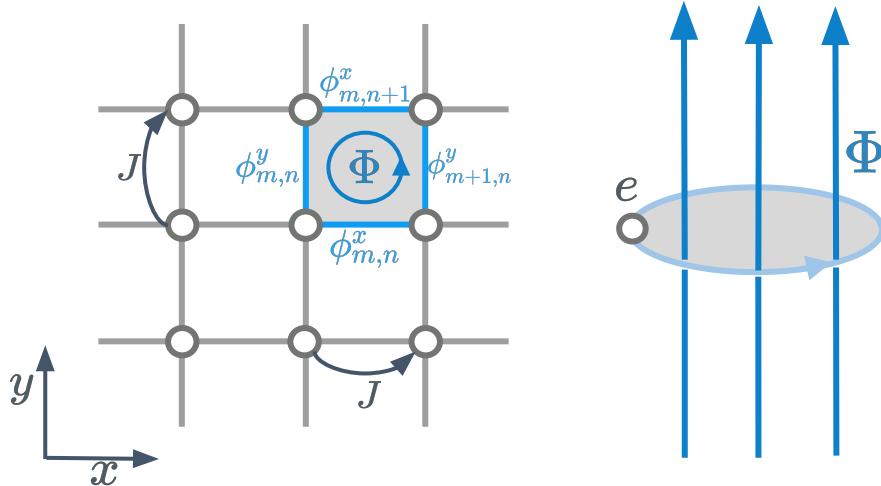
Wiese, *Annalen der Physik*, 2013  
Zohar et al, *Rep. Progr. in Phys.*, 2015  
Dalmonte, Montangero, *Contemp. Phys* 2016.  
Preskill, arXiv:1811.10085  
Bañuls et al, *Eur. Phys. J. D*, 2020



picture from ELI,  
M. Marklund

# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

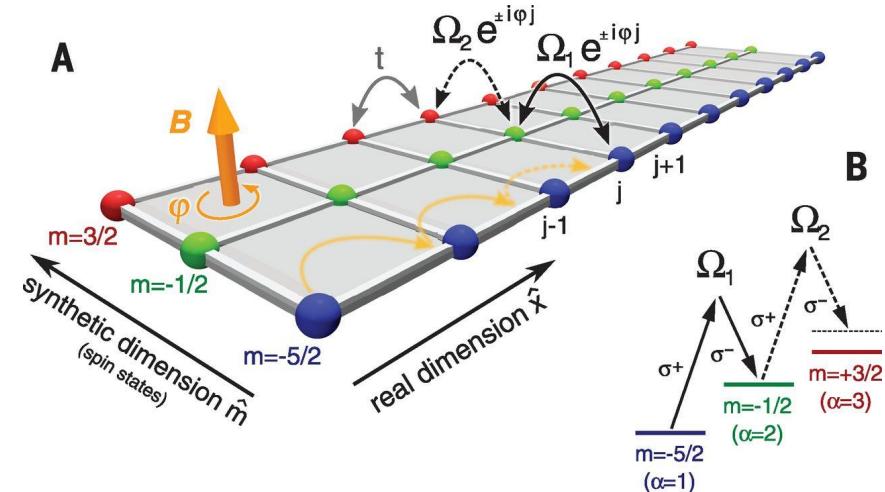
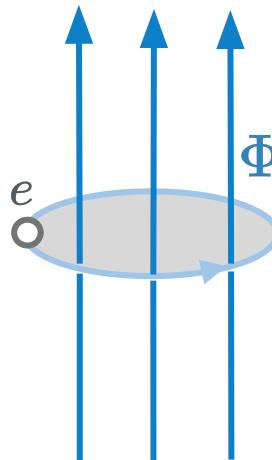
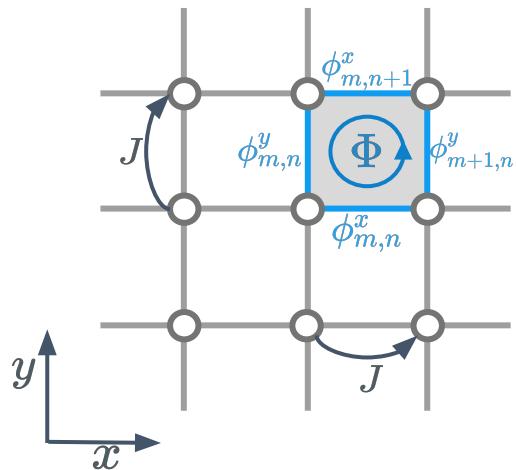
## Static gauge fields



Particles hopping around a plaquette acquire a phase

# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

## Static gauge fields



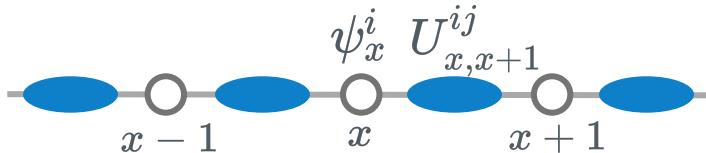
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Mancini, M., Pagano, G., Cappellini, G., Livi, L., Rider, M., Catani, J., ... & Fallani, L., *Science*, **349**, 1510-1513 (2015).

# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

## Dynamical gauge fields

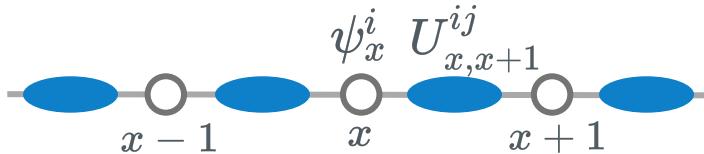
- additional degrees of freedom on links



# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

## Dynamical gauge fields

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**condensed matter**  
frustrated magnets

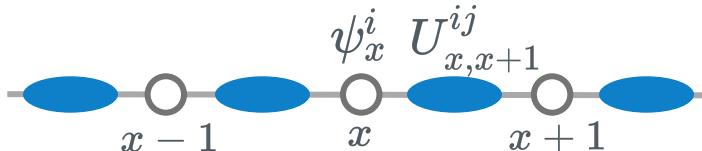
**quantum computing**  
toric code

**high energy physics**  
standard model

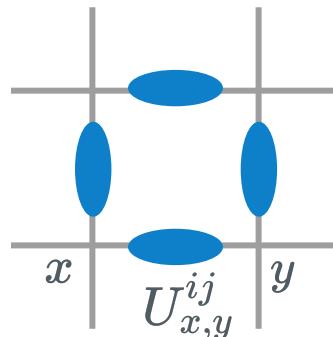
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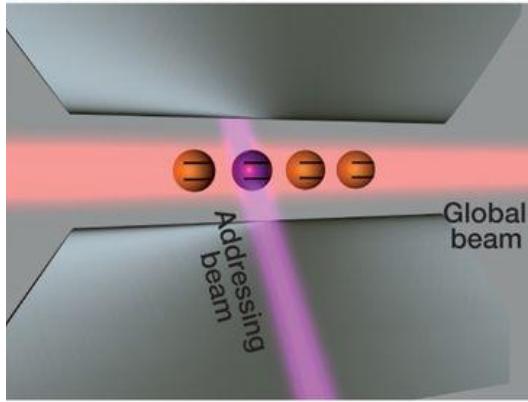
- Problem:
  - complex many-body interactions
  - local (gauge) symmetries



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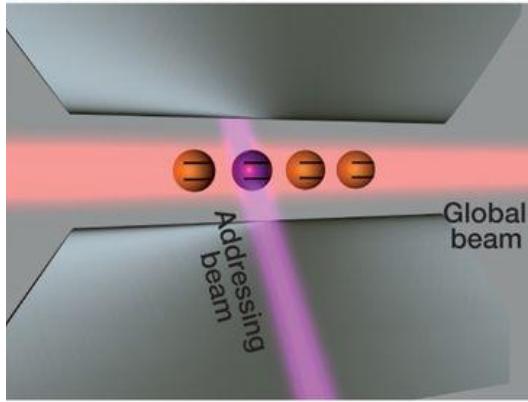
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So far, no experimental evidence that atomic systems can simulate gauge theories at large scale

Martinez, E. A., Muschik, C. A., Schindler, P., Nigg, D., Erhard, A., Heyl, M., ... & Blatt, R., *Nature*, **534**(7608), 516-519 (2016).



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We show that this has been done:

## **U(1) GAUGE THEORY in 1+1d**

exploiting dynamics induced by **Rydberg** interactions

# OUTLINE

## 1 The model

- Rydberg: FSS model
- U(1) gauge: quantum link model

# OUTLINE

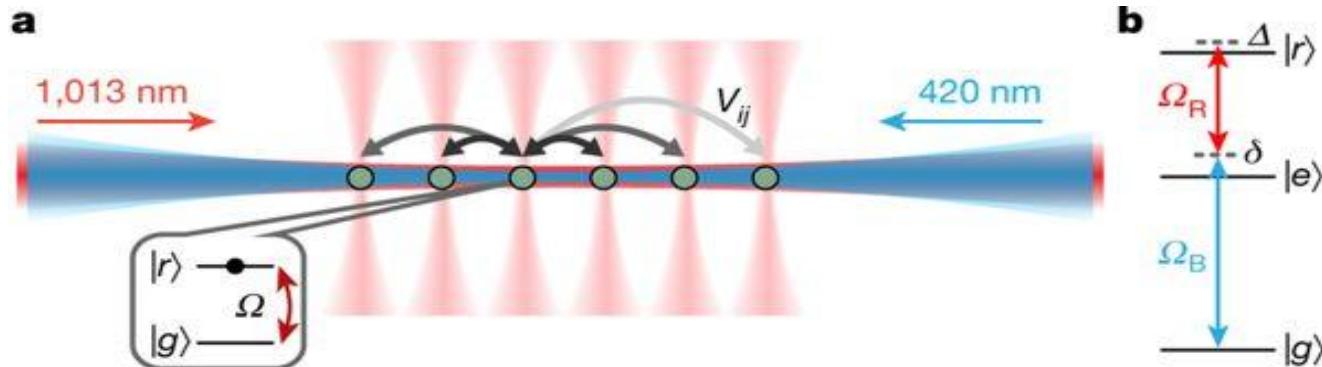
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- Rydberg: FSS model
- U(1) gauge: quantum link model

## 2 Slow dynamics

- Density oscillations
- String inversion

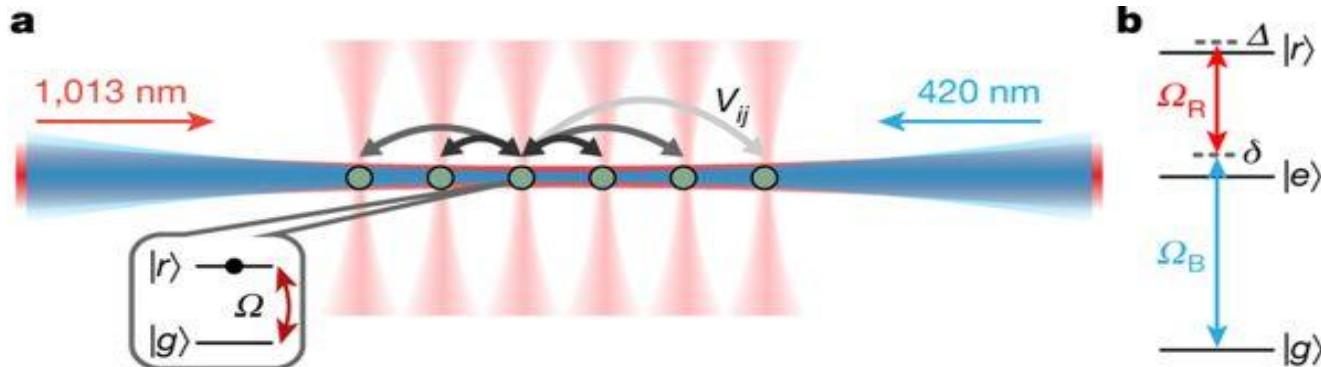
# RYDBERG ATOM EXPERIMENT



H. Bernien, S. Schwartz, A. Keesling, H. Levine, A. Omran, H. Pichler, S. Choi, A. S. Zibrov, M. Endres, M. Greiner, et al., *Nature* **551**, 579 (2017)

$$\hat{H}_{\text{Ryd}} = \sum_{j=1}^L (\Omega \hat{\sigma}_j^x + \delta \hat{n}_j) + \sum_{j \neq \ell=1}^L V_{j,\ell} \hat{n}_j \hat{n}_\ell$$

# RYDBERG ATOM EXPERIMENT

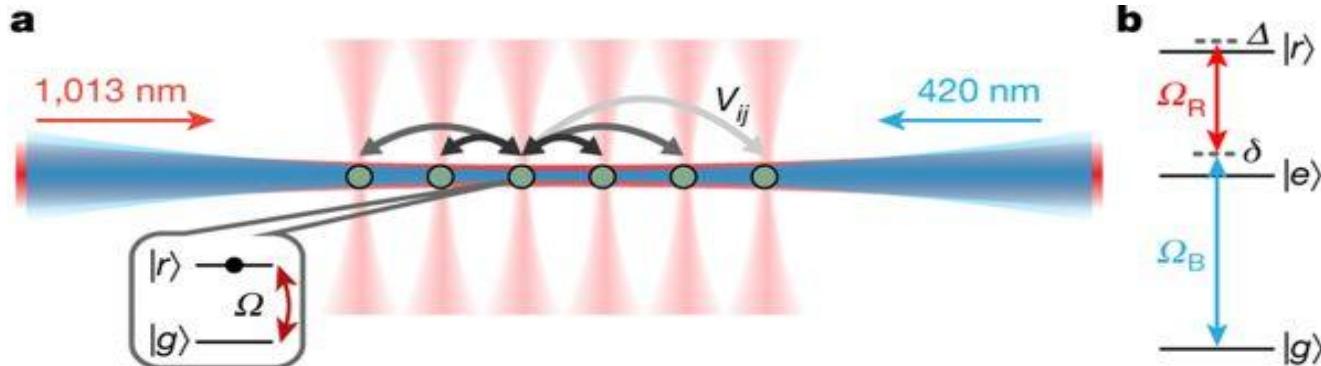


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$$\hat{n}_j \hat{n}_{j+1} = 0$$

Phase diagram, non-equilibrium dynamics (scars), ...

Fendley *PRB* 2004, Turner *Nat Phys* 2018, Lin *PRL* 2019, ...

Here: **gauge theory**

# U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

Matter (sites)

Fermions     $\{\hat{\Phi}_i^\dagger, \hat{\Phi}_j\} = \delta_{i,j}$

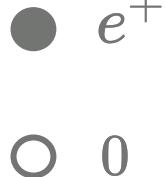
# U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

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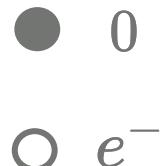
### Fermions

$$\{\hat{\Phi}_i^\dagger, \hat{\Phi}_j\} = \delta_{i,j}$$

Even  
sites



Odd  
sites



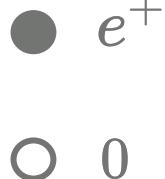
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## Gauge fields (links)

$$[\hat{E}_{j,j+1}, \hat{U}_{j,j+1}] = \hat{U}_{j,j+1}$$

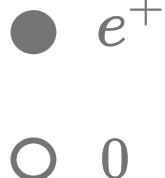
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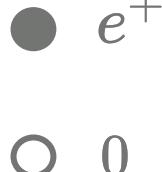
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## Local symmetry

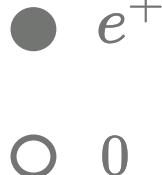
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Electric flux

Charge

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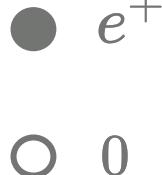
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$$\hat{G}_j |\Psi\rangle = 0$$

**Gauss law**

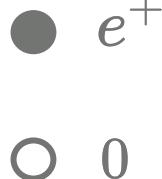
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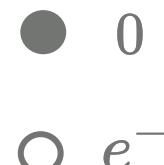
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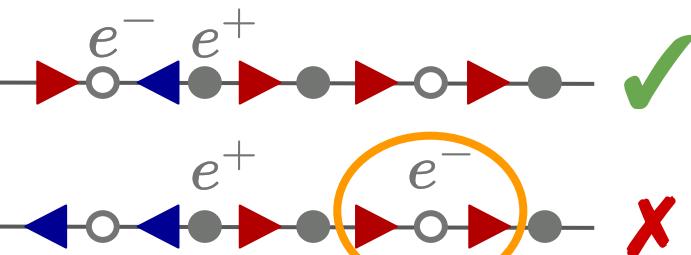
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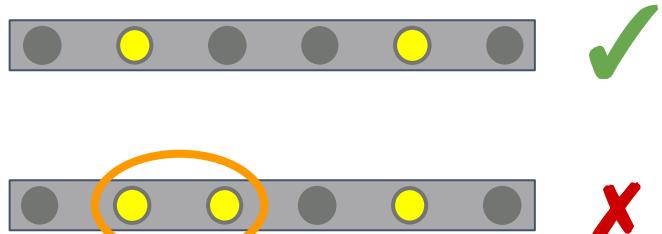
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U(1) lattice gauge theory  
constrained by Gauss

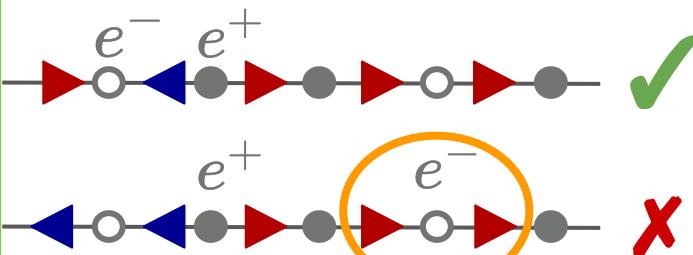
Law



Rydberg atoms  
constrained by Rydberg  
blockade



$U(1)$  lattice gauge theory  
constrained by Gauss  
Law



Rydberg atoms  
constrained by Rydberg  
blockade



?

U(1) lattice gauge theory  
constrained by Gauss  
Law



Rydberg atoms  
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blockade



?

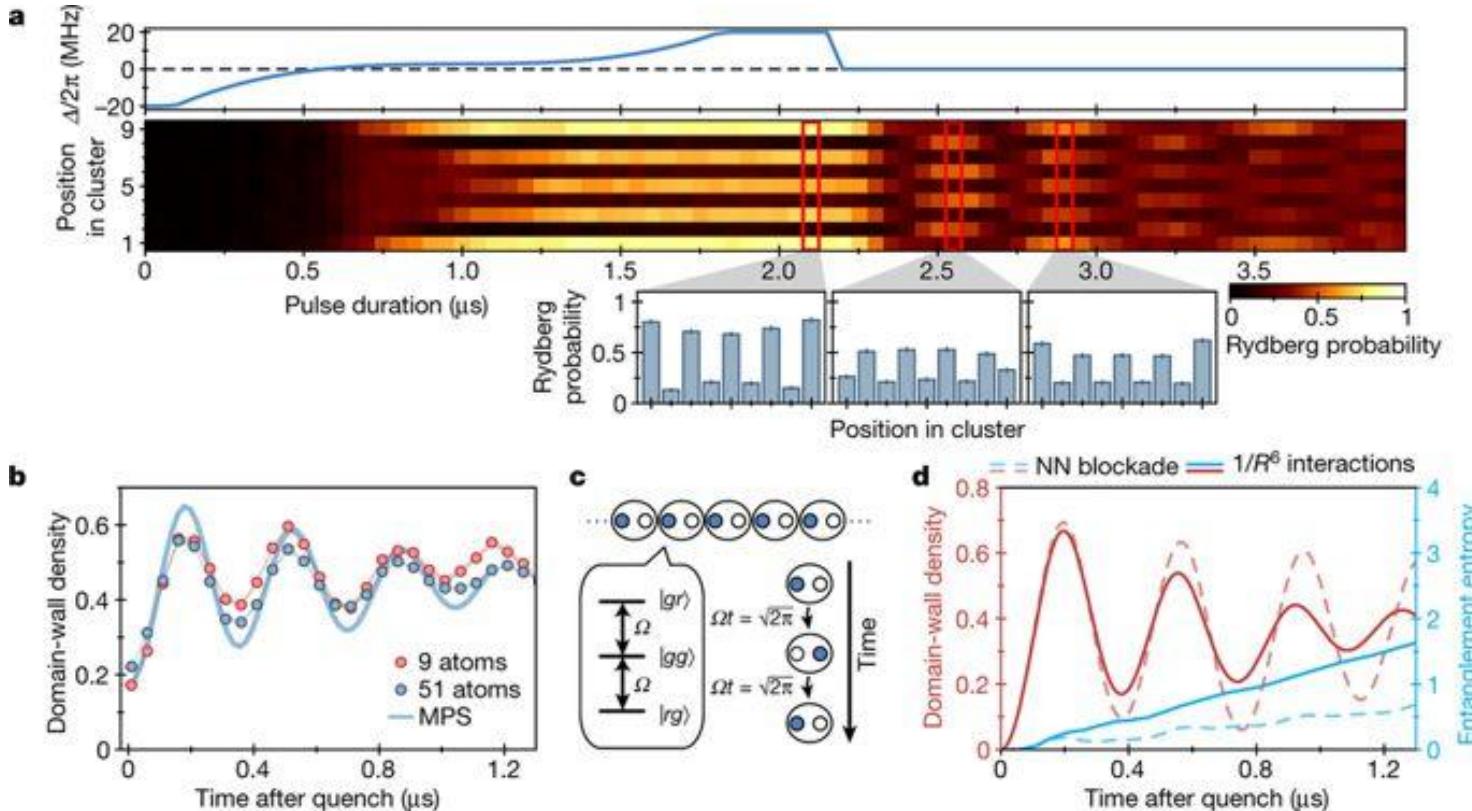
U(1) lattice gauge theory  
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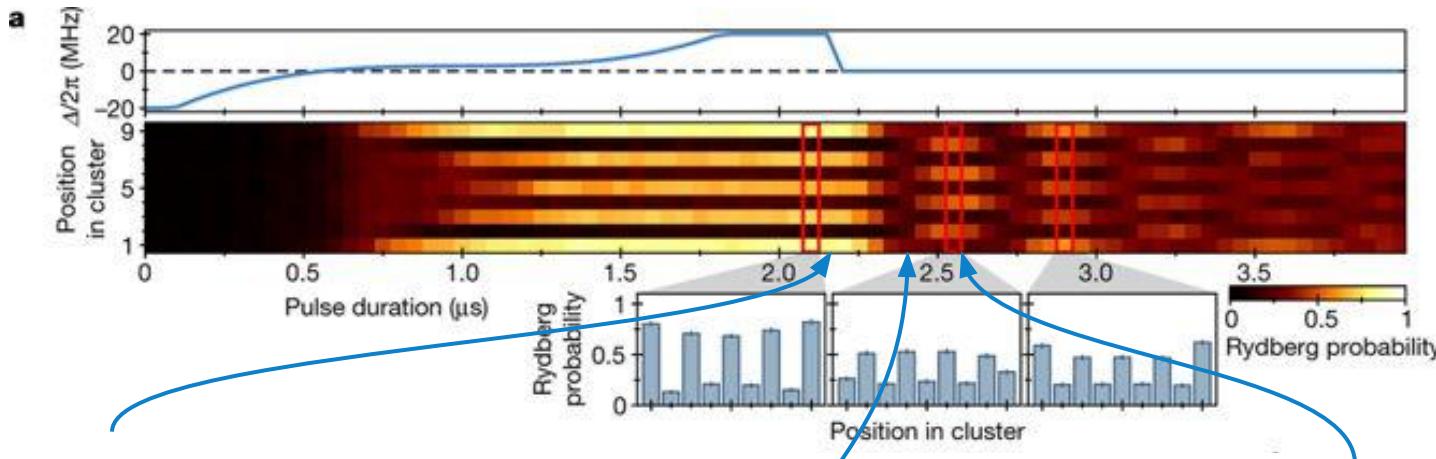
There is an **exact mapping** of states and  
Hamiltonians

# EXPERIMENT: SLOW DYNAMICS

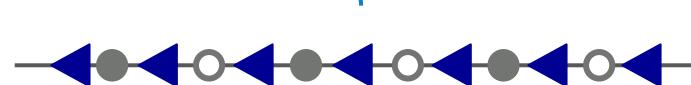


H. Bernien, S. Schwartz, A. Keesling, H. Levine, A. Omran, H. Pichler, S. Choi, A. S. Zibrov, M. Endres, M. Greiner, et al., *Nature* **551**, 579 (2017)

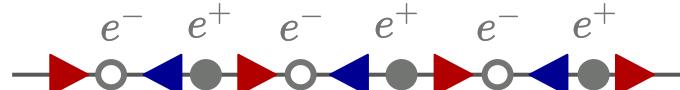
# EXPERIMENT: SLOW DYNAMICS



1) String



3) Antistring



2) Pairs

# SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- U(1) lattice gauge theory is naturally realized in **Rydberg atom arrays**

# SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

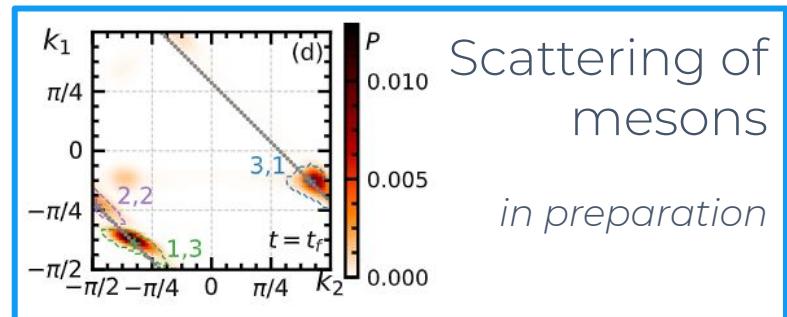
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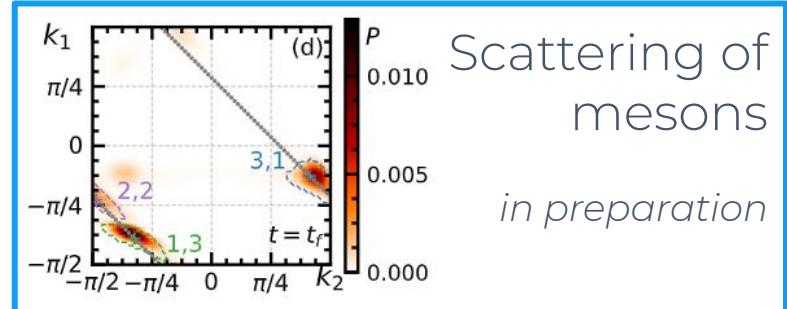
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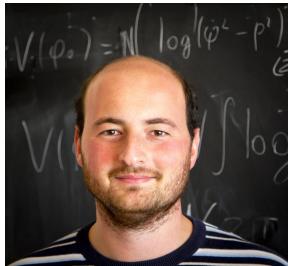


# SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

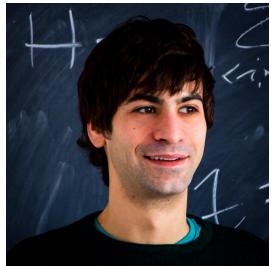
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**Perspective:** Non-Abelian? Higher dimensionality?



Paolo P.  
Mazza



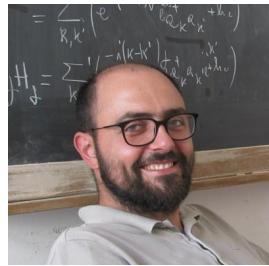
Giuliano  
Giudici



Alessio  
Lerose



Andrea  
Gambassi



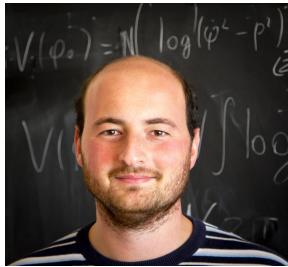
Marcello  
Dalmonte



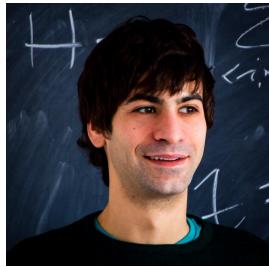
**SISSA**  
**40!**



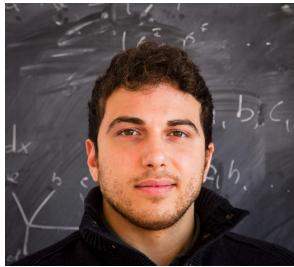
Phys. Rev. X 10, 021041 (2020)



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Phys. Rev. X 10, 021041 (2020)

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR  
ATTENTION!**